



1. Identification

Product identifier H2S Inhibitor - SC

Other means of identification

Product code

Recommended use Film Forming H2S Inhibitor
Recommended restrictions For industrial applications only.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufacturer

Company name FINORIC LLC
Address 8115 LOOP 540
Beasley, Texas 77417

United States

Telephone 1(855) 346-6742 8:00 - 5:00 CST, Mon. - Fri.

E-mail www.finoric.com

Emergency phone number 1-800-535-5053 Within USA and Canada 352-323-3500 Outside USA and Canada

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazardsFlammable liquidsCategory 3Health hazardsAcute toxicity, dermalCategory 4

Acute toxicity, inhalation Category 3
Skin corrosion/irritation Category 1
Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 1
Carcinogenicity Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Category 1

Category 2

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

exposure

Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute Category 3

hazard

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

Not classified.

Label elements

Environmental hazards

OSHA defined hazards



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Flammable liquid and vapor. May cause respiratory

irritation. Suspected of causing cancer. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. Causes severe skin

burns and eye damage

Precautionary statement

Prevention Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Keep away from

heat/sparks/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Obtain special instructions before use. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Avoid breathing vapors. Wash hands thoroughly



after handling. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid release to the environment. Wear protective clothing.



Response IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. IF IN EYES: Rinse

cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower. IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Wash contaminated

clothing before reuse.

Storage Keep cool. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause drying, cracking, or irritation.

Supplemental information Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid contact with eyes, skin, and clothing.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic		64742-95-6	20-30
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene		95-63-6	10-20
kerosene		8008-20-6	10-20
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene		108-67-8	5-10
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene		526-73-8	1-5
diethylamine		109-89-7	1-5
isopropanol		67-63-0	1-5
xylene, mixed isomers		1330-20-7	1-5
aniline		62-53-3	0.1-1
cumene		98-82-8	0.1-1
naphthalene		91-20-3	0.1-1

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Get medical attention immediately. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Remove victim to

fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt, or waistband The exposed person may need to be kept under

medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Skin contact Get medical attention immediately. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician. Wash affected

area with soap and mild detergent for at least 20-60 minutes. Remove contaminated clothing immediately and wash skin with soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. Chemical burns must be treated by a physician. Wash clothing separately before reuse.

Eye contact Get medical attention immediately. Call a physician or poison control center immediately.

Immediately flush the eye(s) continuously with lukewarm, gently flowing water for at least 20-60 minutes while holding the eyelid(s) open. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Chemical

burns must be treated by a physician.

Ingestion Get medical attention immediately. Call a physician or poison control center immediately. If

swallowed, rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). If material is swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. If vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Do not induce vomiting without advice from

poison control center.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed



Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Causes severe eye damage May cause central nervous system effects. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation. Causes severe burns. Defatting of the skin. May cause burns to mouth, throat, and stomach

In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.

Do not use water ist

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media

Flammable liquid and vapor. By heating and fire, harmful vapors/gases may be formed. Vapors Play the virsidade (22) storce of the little with long lasting effects.

Firefighters should wear full protective clothing including self contained breathing apparatus.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Promptly isolate the scene by

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. Use water spray to cool unopened containers.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire fighting equipment/instructions

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Do not breathe vapors or spray mist. Ensure adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. See Section 8 of the SDS for Personal Protective Equipment.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small Spills: Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use only non-sparking tools. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble.

Large Spills: Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dike the spilled material, where this is possible. In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Absorb with earth, sand or other non-combustible material and transfer to containers for later disposal.

Environmental precautions

Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. In the event of a spill or accidental release, notify relevant authorities in accordance with all applicable regulations. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. Take precautionary measures against static discharges. Use only with adequate ventilation. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not get in eyes, on skin, on clothing. Do not ingest. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. Store in a cool, dry place out of direct sunlight. Store in accordance with local/regional/national/international regulation. Keep locked-up. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS). Store away from strong oxidizers. Keep containers closed when not in use.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

Components	Type Value	Value	
aniline (CAS 62-53-3)	PEL	19 mg/m3	



		5 ppm
cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	PEL	245 mg/m3
		50 ppm
diethylamine (CAS	PEL	75 mg/m3
109-89-7)		
		25 ppm
isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	PEL	980 mg/m3
		400 ppm
naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	PEL	50 mg/m3
		10 ppm
xylene, mixed isomers	PEL	435 mg/m3
(CAS 1330-20-7)		
		100 ppm

US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values Components	Type	Value	Form
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8)	TWA	25 ppm	
US. ACGIH Threshold Limit Values	S		
Components	Туре	Value	Form
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	25 ppm	
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene (CAS 108-67-8)	TWA	25 ppm	
aniline (CAS 62-53-3)	TWA	2 ppm	
cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	50 ppm	
diethylamine (CAS 109-89-7)	STEL	15 ppm	
	TWA	5 ppm	
isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	400 ppm	
	TWA	200 ppm	
kerosene (CAS 8008-20-6)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	TWA	10 ppm	
xylene, mixed isomers (CAS 1330-20-7)	STEL	150 ppm	
	TWA	100 ppm	
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Chem	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
1,2,3-trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8)	TWA	125 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)	TWA	125 mg/m3	
		25 ppm	
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene (CAS 108-67-8)	TWA	125 mg/m3	



		25 ppm
cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	TWA	245 mg/m3
		50 ppm
diethylamine (CAS 109-89-7)	STEL	75 mg/m3
		25 ppm
	TWA	30 mg/m3
		10 ppm
isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	STEL	1225 mg/m3
		500 ppm
	TWA	980 mg/m3
		400 ppm
kerosene (CAS 8008-20-6)	TWA	100 mg/m3
naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	STEL	75 mg/m3
		15 ppm
	TWA	50 mg/m3
		10 ppm

Exposure guidelines

US - California OELs: Skin designation

aniline (CAS 62-53-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US - Minnesota Haz Subs: Skin designation applies

aniline (CAS 62-53-3) Skin designation applies. cumene (CAS 98-82-8) Skin designation applies.

US - Tennessee OELs: Skin designation

aniline (CAS 62-53-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

aniline (CAS 62-53-3)
Can be absorbed through the skin.
diethylamine (CAS 109-89-7)
Can be absorbed through the skin.
kerosene (CAS 8008-20-6)
Can be absorbed through the skin.

naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Can be absorbed through the skin.

US NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards: Skin designation

cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

aniline (CAS 62-53-3)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

Can be absorbed through the skin.

Appropriate engineering

controls

Provide adequate ventilation. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment to stay below exposure limits. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles) and a face shield.

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear appropriate chemical resistant gloves.

Other Wear long sleeves and chemical resistant apron to prevent repeated or prolonged skin contact.

Respiratory protection When respiratory protection is required, or concentrations may exceed the PEL, use an approved air-purifying respirator equipped with organic vapor cartridges or canisters. It is recommended that

the canisters be changed whenever breakthrough occurs or eight (8) hours of use has occurred, whichever comes first. For emergency and other conditions where the exposure limit may be



greatly exceeded, use an approved positive-pressure, self-contained breathing apparatus or positive-airline with auxiliary self-contained air supply.

Thermal hazards Not available.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.

Form Not available.

Color Amber

Odor Amine-like.
Odor threshold Not available

pH 7 - 8 (5%product in 75% isopropanol/25% water solution)

Melting point/freezing point -48.64 °F (-44.8 °C) estimated / < -25.6 °F (< -32 °C) Pour point

Initial boiling point and boiling Not available

range

Flash point 91.4 °F (33.0 °C) SFCC

Evaporation rate Not available
Flammability (solid, gas) Not available.
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Not available

Not available

Flammability limit - upper

(%)

Explosive limit - lower (%) Not available.

Explosive limit - upper (%) Not available.

Vapor pressure 17.5 mm Hg @ 21 °C Vapor density > 1 (heavier than air)

Relative density Not available.

Solubility(ies)

Solubility (water) Not available.

Partition coefficient Not available.

(n-octanol/water)

Auto-ignition temperatureNot availableDecomposition temperatureNot availableViscosityNot available

Other information

Density7.44 lb/gal estimatedFlammability classFlammable IC estimatedPour point $< -25.6 \, ^{\circ}\text{F} \, (< -32 \, ^{\circ}\text{C})$ Specific gravity $> 0.89 \, @ \, 15.6 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity Not available



Chemical stability

Material is stable under normal conditions.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. Do not allow vapor to accumulate in Conditions to avoid

low or confined areas. DO NOT PRESSURIZE, CUT, WELD, BRAZE, SOLDER, DRILL, GRIND, OR EXPOSE SUCH CONTAINERS TO HEAT, STATIC ELECTRICITY, OR OTHER SOURCES OF

IGNITION; THEY MAY EXPLODE AND CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

Incompatible materials Avoid contact with acids and oxidizing substances. Isopropanol is incompatible with acrylaldehyde,

aluminium powder, and potassium tertbutoxide.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be

produced.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Not available. Inhalation Not available. Skin contact Not available. Eye contact Not available. Ingestion

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Not available.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product	Species	Test Results
H2S Inhibitor SC		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	3240.3748 mg/kg estimated
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	29461.6523 ppm, 7 Hours estimated
	Rat	13426.6934 ppm, 12 Hours estimated
		21.7507 mg/l, 4 Hours estimated
LD50	Rat	4565.0757 ppm, 4 Hours estimated
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	13670.2461 mg/kg estimated
	Rat	4470.3232 mg/kg estimated
Components	Species	

^{1,2,3-}trimethylbenzene (CAS 526-73-8)

Acute Oral

LD50 Rat

1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (CAS 95-63-6)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit

Test Results

Components 8970 mg/kg	Species	Test Results
> 3160 mg/kg		
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	> 2000 ppm, 12 Hours
Oral	В.	0000 //
LD50	Rat	6000 mg/kg
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene (CA	S 108-67-8)	
Acute Oral		
LD50	Rat	8970 mg/kg
aniline (CAS 62-53-3)		
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rat	1400 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Mouse	175 ppm, 7 Hours
Oral	_	
LD50	Dog	195 mg/kg
	Rabbit	1000 mg/kg
	Rat	250 mg/kg
cumene (CAS 98-82-8)		
Acute		
<i>Dermal</i> LD50	Rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg
Inhalation	Rabbit	> 3100 mg/kg
LC50	Mouse	2000 ppm, 7 Hours
	Rat	8000 ppm, 4 Hours
Oral		γ,
LD50	Rat	1400 mg/kg
diethylamine (CAS 109-89-7	7)	
Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	580 mg/kg
Inhalation		
LC50	Rat	17.3 mg/l, 4 Hours
Oral L DEO	Dot	F40 malka
LD50	Rat	540 mg/kg
isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0) Acute		
Dermal		
LD50	Rabbit	12800 mg/kg
Inhalation		• •
LC50	Rat	17000 ppm, 4 hr
Oral		
LD50	Mouse	3600 mg/kg
	Rat	4720 mg/kg
kerosene (CAS 8008-20-6)		
Acute		
Dermal	Dall "	2222 #
LD50	Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg

ComponentsSpeciesTest ResultsInhalationInhalationSpecies5 680 ppm, 4 Hours

Components Species Test Results

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2 g/kg

Oral

LD50 Rat 490 mg/kg

solvent naphtha (petroleum), light aromatic (CAS 64742-95-6)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 2000 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat > 5.61 mg/l, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat > 5000 mg/kg

xylene, mixed isomers (CAS 1330-20-7)

Acute

Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 4200 mg/kg

Inhalation

LC50 Rat 6350 ppm, 4 Hours

Oral

LD50 Rat 3523 - 8600 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Not available.
Serious eye damage/eye Not available.

irritation

yo damago, oyo

Respiratory or skin sensitization

Respiratory sensitization Not available.

Skin sensitization Not available.

Germ cell mutagenicity Not available.

Carcinogenicity

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

aniline (CAS 62-53-3) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

cumene (CAS 98-82-8)

naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

2B Possibly carcinogenic to humans.

xylene, mixed isomers (CAS 1330-20-7) 3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3) Reasonably Anticipated to be a Human Carcinogen.

Reproductive toxicity Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity - Respiratory tract irritation. Narcotic effects.

single exposure

Specific target organ toxicity - Spleen.

repeated exposure

Aspiration hazard ON HAZARD--Category 1

ASPIRATI

12. Ecological information

Ecoto	xicitv

Product		Species	Test Results
H2S Inhibitor SC			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Daphnia	21.098 mg/l, 48 hours estimated
Fish	LC50	Fish	32.4871 mg/l, 96 hours estimated
Components		Species	Test Results
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene (CA	S 95-63-6)		
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Fathead minnow (Pimephales promelas)	7.19 - 8.28 mg/l, 96 hours
1,3,5-trimethylbenzene (CA: Aquatic	S 108-67-8)		
Fish	LC50	Goldfish (Carassius auratus)	9.89 - 15.05 mg/l, 96 hours
aniline (CAS 62-53-3)	2000	Columnit (Caracolae auratas)	0.00 10.00 mg/l, 00 modio
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	0.08 - 1 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Medaka, high-eyes (Oryzias latipes)	12.6 - 108 mg/l, 96 hours
cumene (CAS 98-82-8)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Brine shrimp (Artemia sp.)	3.55 - 11.29 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	2.7 mg/l, 96 hours
diethylamine (CAS 109-89-7	')		
Aquatic	•		
Fish	LC50	Rainbow trout,donaldson trout (Oncorhynchus mykiss)	25 mg/l, 96 hours
isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)			
Aquatic			
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	> 1400 mg/l, 96 hours
naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)			
Aquatic			
Crustacea	EC50	Water flea (Daphnia magna)	1.09 - 3.4 mg/l, 48 hours
Fish	LC50	Pink salmon (Oncorhynchus gorbuscha)	1.11 - 1.68 mg/l, 96 hours
xylene, mixed isomers (CAS Aquatic	3 1330-20-7)		
Fish	LC50	Bluegill (Lepomis macrochirus)	7.711 - 9.591 mg/l, 96 hours
sistence and degradability	Not available.		
accumulative potential	Not available.		
Partition coefficient n-octa		(ow)	
aniline		0.9	
cumene		3.66	
diethylamine		0.58	

 aniline
 0.9

 cumene
 3.66

 diethylamine
 0.58

 isopropanol
 0.05

 naphthalene
 3.3

 xylene, mixed isomers
 3.12 - 3.2

Mobility in soilNot available.Other adverse effectsNot available.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal instructionsDo not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. This material and its container must

be disposed of as hazardous waste. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Incinerate the material under controlled conditions in an approved incinerator. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe manner (see: Disposal instructions). Whatever cannot be saved for recovery or recycling should be managed in an appropriate and approved waste disposal facility. Processing, use or contamination of this product may change the waste management options. State and local disposal regulations may differ from federal disposal regulations. Dispose of container and unused contents in accordance with federal, state and local requirements.

Hazardous waste code Not regulated.

Waste from residues / unused

products

Not available.

Contaminated packaging Not available.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN2924

UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Contains: Isopropanol, Diethylamine)

(diethylamine RQ = 3356 LBS, isopropanol RQ = 3356 LBS), MARINE POLLUTANT

Transport hazard class(es)

 Class
 3

 Subsidiary risk
 8

 Label(s)
 3

 Packing group
 III

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant Yes

Special precautions for user Not available.

Special provisions B1, B52, IB3, T4, TP1, TP29

Packaging exceptions150Packaging non bulk203Packaging bulk242

IATA

UN number UN2924

UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Contains: Isopropanol, Diethylamine)

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk 8
Packing group III
Environmental hazards Yes
ERG Code 3L

Special precautions for user Not available.

Other information

Passenger and cargo

aircraft

Allowed.

Cargo aircraft only Allowed.

IMDG

UN number UN2924

UN proper shipping name FLAMMABLE LIQUID, CORROSIVE, N.O.S. (Contains: Isopropanol, Diethylamine), MARINE

POLLUTANT

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 3
Subsidiary risk 8
Packing group III

Environmental hazards

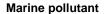
Marine pollutantYesEmSF-E, S €Special precautions for userNot available.Transport in bulk according toNot available.

Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

the IBC Code









15. Regulatory information

US federal regulations

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200. All components are included or are exempted from listing on the US Toxic Substances Control Act Inventory.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

aniline (CAS 62-53-3)	Listed.
cumene (CAS 98-82-8)	Listed.
diethylamine (CAS 109-89-7)	Listed.
isopropanol (CAS 67-63-0)	Listed.
naphthalene (CAS 91-20-3)	Listed.
xylene, mixed isomers (CAS 1330-20-7)	Listed.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

aniline (CAS 62-53-3) 5000 LBS OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not listed.

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

Immediate Hazard - Yes **Hazard categories**

Delayed Hazard - Yes Fire Hazard - Yes Pressure Hazard - No Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

Chemical name	CAS number	Reportable quantity	Threshold planning quantity	Threshold planning quantity, lower value	Threshold planning quantity, upper value
aniline	62-53-3	5000	1000 lbs		

SARA 311/312 Hazardous chemical

SARA 313 (TRI reporting)

Chemical name	CAS number	% by wt.	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	10-20	
isopropanol	67-63-0	1-5	
xylene, mixed isomers	1330-20-7	1-5	
aniline	62-53-3	0.1-1	
cumene	98-82-8	0.1-1	
naphthalene	91-20-3	0.1-1	

Other federal regulations
Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

No

(SDWA)

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

DISCLAIMER: The information and recommendations set forth herein (hereinafter "Information") are presented in good faith and believed correct as of the date hereof. It is compiled from various sources and it is not necessarily all inclusive nor fully adequate in every circumstance. In addition, these suggestions should not be confused with nor followed in violation of applicable laws, regulations, rules or insurance requirements applicable. This MSDS sheet is intended only as a guide to the appropriate precautionary handling of the material by a properly trained person using this product. Individuals receiving the information must exercise their independent judgment in determining its appropriateness for a particular purpose.